

# IBM Security Guardium Administrator

## Responsibilities Guide



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This document lists your main responsibilities as a Guardium administrator for v9 and v10. To maintain a healthy environment you should consider or implement each of the points below. This guide is not exhaustive, chapters noted in red refer to chapters in the [Guardium Deployment Guide](#) which covers all areas of Guardium administration.

Over time additions may be made to this guide. Always check [online](#) to ensure you have the up to date version.

### Maintaining Access

Up to date access details are crucial for smooth running of the environment for all users.

- Maintain GUI admin, accessmgr and CLI account passwords. If you do not hold the accessmgr account details you should be aware of who in your organisation does.
- Maintain list of [guardcli](#) accounts in use and their associated GUI user.
- Keep [root passkey](#) for each appliance for support access in case of emergency.

### Responding to problems

[Alerting](#) should be used to quickly identify and react to common problems. **Chapter 3.9.8** details the following correlation alerts to implement.

- Aggregation/Archive errors (predefined) [How to troubleshoot aggregation or archive errors.](#)
- Scheduled Jobs Exceptions (predefined) [Knowledge collection: Scheduled jobs exceptions.](#)
- Inactive STAPs Since (predefined) [What to do if you get “Inactive S-TAPs Since” alerts.](#)
- No Traffic (predefined) [What to do if you receive “No Traffic” alert. How to check if the correct data is being logged on my Guardium Appliance?](#)
- Sniffer restarts (user created) [How to alert when the number of sniffer restarts is high.](#) For further details on how to improve sniffer performance see **chapter 7.1.2**
- Disk space (user created). [How to set up disk space alert. What to do if I see my Guardium Appliance getting full?](#)
- If you are unsure how to contact Guardium support, check chapter 5 and appendix A of the [support handbook](#). When assessing the severity of your problem see: [What type of problem can I consider to be severity 1?](#)

## Monitoring performance

Monitoring the environment on a day to day basis is required to understand the typical behaviour. This knowledge is useful when making changes or troubleshooting problems.

- Configure [unit utilization](#) report to monitor inspection-core performance in centrally managed environments. See [chapter 7.1.2](#) - configuring the operational dashboard.
- In Centrally managed environments, set the [Enterprise STAP view](#) report to see status of all STAPs.
- Enable S-TAP statistics to monitor UNIX STAP performance. See [chapter 7.1.1](#)

## Reviewing configurations

Incorrect or inefficient configuration is the root cause of many Guardium problems. You are responsible for ensuring your environment is configured correctly.

- Ensure all appliances meet the minimum system requirements – [v9](#), [V10](#).
- Ensure a [system backup strategy](#) is in place for disaster recovery. See [chapter 8](#).
- Ensure the data management configurations ([chapter 3.9.3-5](#)) and schedule ([chapter 3.9.6](#)) are set in a logical way. Common mistakes include:
  - Filling up appliance database due to purge settings.
  - Taking duplicate archive files.
  - Purging data that has not yet been archived or exported.
  - Scheduling data management processes to overlap.
- Set [STAP verification](#) schedule to verify inspection engine configurations are correct.
- Do not schedule audit process jobs to overlap with aggregation jobs, other audit processes jobs or run before 1:00 am.
- Ensure audit process results are purged correctly. [How do I purge off old audit results from Guardium?](#) Check and sign off audit process [receiver to-do lists](#).
- Periodically review your policy against business requirements, especially if new STAPs are added. Use [chapter 5.2 and 5.4](#) to help with policy definition.
- Periodically review report definitions and results against business requirements. Reports should be targeted to contain only relevant information for the receivers. For information on defining queries and reports see [chapter 5.2 and 5.5](#).
- Periodically review correlation alert definitions. If you are getting many alerts but taking no action you need to review the alerting strategy. Disable alerts you do not plan to use.

## Keeping informed

Guardium regularly releases alerts, fixes, documentation and tech talks. Keeping informed ensures your knowledge is up to date and you do not miss important fixes.

- The latest appliance patches and agents are available on [fix central](#). Install the latest packages to eliminate known problems.
- Subscribe to receive [support notifications](#).
- Check the [knowledge center](#) for the latest documentation.
- Browse or search [technotes](#) for problem troubleshooting.
- Educate yourself with [previous and upcoming tech talks](#) and the [Guardium youtube channel](#).
- Interact with your fellow Guardium administrators and IBMers in [Developerworks](#) and [LinkedIn](#).